



INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: VIII	Department: Social Science	
Worksheet No: 4	Topic: From Trade to Territory (Hist.)	Year: 2022-23

1	Multiple Choice Questions: -
1	Tiger of Mysore _____. a) Shivaji b) Warriors c) Tipu Sultan d) None of the
2	Aurangzeb died in _____. a) 1706 b) 1709 c) 1708 d) 1707
3	The British annexed Bengal in the battle of _____. a) Palasi b) Plassey c) Bidupara d) Mira
4	_____ implemented the doctrine of Lapse. a) Robert Clive b) Dalhousie c) Warren Hastings d) None of these
5	Who was the successor of Alivardi Khan in Bengal? a) Mir Qasim b) Mir Jafar c) Siraj-ud-daula d) Murshid Quli Khan.
II	Fill in the blanks: -
6	The Kingdom of _____ was located with western part of India. Ans: Maratha
7	The first English factory was established on the banks of river _____ in the year 1651. Ans: Hugli
8	_____ granted the Right to duty-free trade to the Company. Ans: Farman
9	_____ was the Nawab of Bengal at the time of the Battle of Plassey. Ans: Sirajuddaulah
III	Very short answer questions: -
10	In which year was the Company appointed as the Diwan of Bengal by the Mughal Emperor? In the year 1765, the Company was appointed as the Diwan of Bengal by the Mughal Emperor.
11	Which state was annexed by the Company on the ground of mis governance? Awadh was annexed by the Company on the ground of mis governance.
12	Who was the Mughal emperor who led to the Revolt of 1857? Among the Mughal emperors, the last Mughal king Bahadur Shah Zafar led the Revolt of 1857.
13	Name of the Governor-general who introduced several administrative reforms. Warren Hastings was the Governor-General who introduced several administrative reforms.
14	What was the main aim of the Company before the territorial expansion? Trading and earning profit from trade was the main aim of the Company before the territorial expansion.
IV	Answer in brief: -

15	<p>Explain the reasons which attracted the British to India for trading.</p> <p>Ans: Following points can be use as to describe the reason-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • India used to provide fine quality cotton to British which was beneficial for them. • British used to buy Indian species at lower cost and sold them at high prices.
16	<p>What kind of changes took place in the company's army?</p> <p>Ans: These are the following changes took place in the company's army-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The sepoys of the company were trained and recruited on their own. • The cavalry recruitment declined in 1820's these peasants were professional soldiers. • The soldiers adopted the lifestyle of Europeans in 1900 that regulated their life.
17	<p>Explain the 'subsidiary system of alliances.'</p> <p>Ans: The East India company used the subsidiary alliance to annex the existing Indian kingdoms, it disallowed the Indian rules from having independent armed forces. They were forced to pay the protection company offered. They used to get penalized whenever the Indian rulers did not make the payment for acquisition of a portion of their territory. As a result of this the Awadh and Hyderabad States were lost to the East India company.</p>